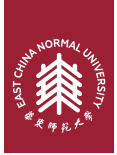
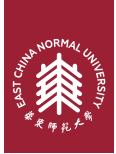


ECNU Beamer Presentation Theme

Using LaTeX to prepare slides

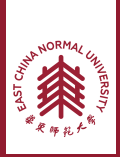
Joye Yin

December 16, 2022



This template is based on Sapienza Presentation from Andrea Gasparini

In the following you find a brief introduction on how to use the beamer package to prepare slides, based on the one written by Andrea Gasparini for Sapienza Presentation



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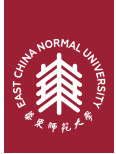


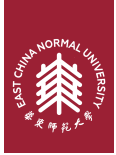
Before Started

1 Introduction

File structure of this project:

File Structure

- beamerthemesrc % The theme folder, just leave it.
- images % Put your images here.
- header.tex % Put your packages and commands here.
- main.tex % Compile this main.tex file.
- contents % Contents contained in the main.tex



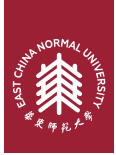
Getting Started

Selecting the SINTEF Theme

To start working with `sintefbeamer`, start a LaTeX document with the preamble:

Minimum SINTEF Beamer Document

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\input{header.tex}
\begin{document}
\begin{frame}{Hello, world!}
\end{frame}
\end{document}
```



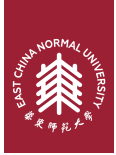
Title page

To set a typical title page, you call some commands in the preamble:

The Commands for the Title Page

```
\title{Sample Title}
\subtitle{Sample subtitle}
\author{First Author, Second Author}
\date{\today} % Can also be (ab)used for conference name &c.
```

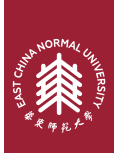
You can then write out the title page with `\maketitle`.
To set a **background image** use the `\titlebackground` command before `\maketitle`; its only argument is the name (or path) of a graphic file.
If you use the **starred version** `\titlebackground*`, the image will be clipped to a split view on the right side of the title slide.



Writing a Simple Slide

It's really easy!

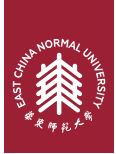
- A typical slide has bulleted lists



Writing a Simple Slide

It's really easy!

- A typical slide has bulleted lists
- These can be uncovered in sequence



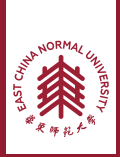
Writing a Simple Slide

It's really easy!

- A typical slide has bulleted lists
- These can be uncovered in sequence

Code for a Page with an Itemised List

```
\begin{frame}{Writing a Simple Slide}
  \framesubtitle{It's really easy!}
  \begin{itemize}[<+->]
    \item A typical slide has bulleted lists
    \item These can be uncovered in sequence
  \end{itemize}\end{frame}
```



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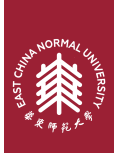


Changing Slide Style

- You can select the white or *maincolor* **slide style** *in the preamble* with `\themecolor{white}` (default) or `\themecolor{main}`
  - You should *not* change these within the document: Beamer does not like it
  - If you *really* must, you may have to add `\usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}` in the slide
- You can change the **footline colour** with `\footlinecolor{color}`
  - Place the command *before* a new `frame`
  - There are four "official" colors: `maincolor`, `sintefyellow`, `sintefgreen`, `sintefdarkgreen`
  - Default is no footline; you can restore it with `\footlinecolor{}`
  - Others may work, but no guarantees!
  - Should *not* be used with the `maincolor` theme!

Standard Blocks

These have a color coordinated with the footline (and grey in the blue theme)

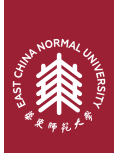
```
\begin{block}{title}
content...
\end{block}
```

Colour Blocks

Similar to the ones on the left, but you pick the colour. Text will be white by default, but you may set it with an optional argument.

```
\begin{colorblock}[black]{sinteflightgreen}{title}
content...
\end{colorblock}
```

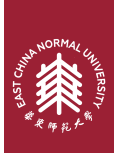
The "official" colours of colour blocks are: `sinteflilla`, `maincolor`, `sintefdarkgreen`, and `sintefyellow`.



Using Colours

2 Personalization

- You can use colours with the `\textcolor{<color name>}{text}` command
- The colours are defined in the `sintefcolor` package:
  - Primary colours: `maincolor` and its sidekick `sintefgrey`
  - Three shades of green: `sinteflightgreen`, `sintefgreen`, `sintefdarkgreen`
  - Additional colours: `sintefyellow`, `sintefred`, `sinteflilla`
    - These may be shaded—see the `sintefcolor` documentation or the SINTEF profile manual
- Do *not* abuse colours: `\emph{}` is usually enough
- Use `\alert{}` to bring the focus somewhere



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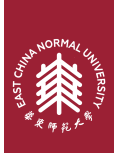
    - These may be shaded—see the `sintefcolor` documentation or the SINTEF profile manual
- Do *not* abuse colours: `\emph{}` is usually enough
- Use `\alert{}` to bring the focus somewhere
- If you highlight too much, you don't highlight at all!

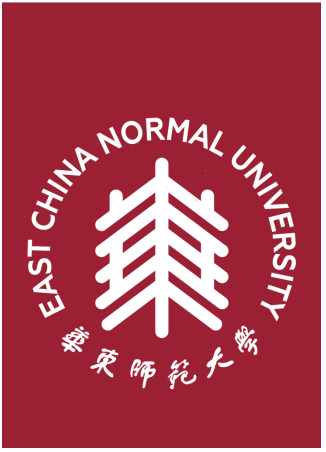


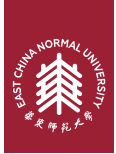
Adding images

Adding images works like in normal LaTeX:

Code for Adding Images

```
\usepackage{graphicx}
% ...
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]
{beamerthemesrc/assets/logo_RGB}
```





Splitting in Columns

Splitting the page is easy and common; typically, one side has a picture and the other text:

This is the first column

And this the second

Column Code

```
\begin{columns}
    \begin{column}{0.6\textwidth}
        This is the first column
    \end{column}
    \begin{column}{0.3\textwidth}
        And this the second
    \end{column}
    % There could be more!
\end{columns}
```

Special Slides

2 Personalization

- Chapter slides
- Side-picture slides

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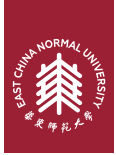


Chapter slides

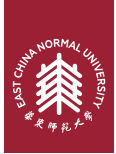
2 Personalization

- Similar to `frame`s, but with a few more options
- Opened with `\begin{chapter}[<image>]{<color>}{<title>}`
- Image is optional, colour and title are mandatory
- There are seven “official” colours: `maincolor`, `sintefdarkgreen`, `sintefgreen`, `sinteflightgreen`, `sintefred`, `sintefyellow`, `sinteflilla`.
  - Strangely enough, these are *more* than the official colours for the footline.
  - It may still be a nice touch to change the footline of following slides to the same color of a chapter slide. Your choice.
- Otherwise, `chapter` behaves just like `frame`.

Side-Picture Slides

2 Personalization

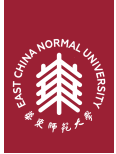
- Opened with `\begin{sidepic}{<image>}{<title>}`
- Otherwise, `sidepic` works just like `frame`



Fonts

2 Personalization

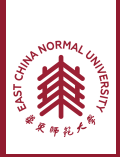
- The paramount task of fonts is being readable
- There are good ones…
  - Use serif fonts only with high-definition projectors
  - Use sans-serif fonts otherwise (or if you simply prefer them)
- … and not so good ones:
  - `Never use monospace for normal text`
  - Gothic, calligraphic or weird fonts should always be avoided



Look

2 Personalization

- To insert a final slide with the title and final thanks, use `\backmatter`.
  - The title also appears in footlines along with the author name, you can change this text with `\footlinepayoff`
  - You can remove the title from the final slide with `\backmatter[notitle]`
- The aspect ratio defaults to 16:9, and you should not change it to 4:3 for old projectors as it is inherently impossible to perfectly convert a 16:9 presentation to 4:3 one; spacings *will* break
  - The `aspectratio` argument to the `beamer` class is overridden by the SINTEF theme
  - If you *really* know what you are doing, check the package code and look for the `geometry` class.



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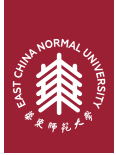
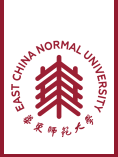


Good Luck!

3 Summary

- Enough for an introduction! You should know enough by now
- If you have corrections or suggestions, I can’t help (joke XD).



ECNU Beamer Presentation Theme

Thanks